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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/082,081	02/26/2002	Chulhee Lee		2662
7590 09/19/2006			EXAMINER	
Chulhee Lee			CZEKAJ, DAVID J	
Dept. Electrical and Electronic Engineering Yonsei University			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
134 Shinchon-Dong, Seodaemoon-Gu			2621	
Seoul, 120-749 KOREA, REPUBLIC OF			DATE MAILED: 09/19/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/082,081	LEE, CHULHEE			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Dave Czekaj	2621			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 J	lune 2006.				
•	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
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٠,٥	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
· _						
•	4) Claim(s) 6-9 is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) 8 and 9 is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
•	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
·	☑ Claim(s) <u>6-7</u> is/are rejected. ☑ Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement				
٥))	ciain(s) are subject to restriction and/	of cicotion requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
• —	The specification is objected to by the Examin					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	cepted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11) 🗌	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> </ul>						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachmen	t(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
3) Inform	Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)   Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments

On pages 1 and 4-5, applicant argues that the restriction requirement is improper since the claims should be classified in the same class. While the applicant's points are understood, the examiner respectfully disagrees. The examiner notes that the applicant previously elected without traverse claims dealing with similar subject matter as the present claims which were shown to be in different classifications. Therefore the restriction is deemed proper and made final.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wang et al. (6049630), (hereinafter referred to as "Wang") in view of Chui et al. (5841473), (hereinafter referred to as "Chui").

Regarding claim 6, Wang discloses an apparatus that relates to data compression (Wang: column 1, lines 11-12). This apparatus comprises "producing source wavelet coefficients by applying a 2-D wavelet transform to each frame of source video" (Wang: figure 2, wherein the source coefficients are the coefficients after the first wavelet transform), "producing processed coefficients by applying a 2-D transform to each frame of the processed video"

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(Wang: figure 2, wherein the processed coefficients are the coefficients after the second wavelet transform is performed), and "computing a difference vector whose elements represent a subband difference between a frame of source and processed coefficients" (Wang: column 3, lines 29-32). However, Wang fails to disclose the averaging and video score as claimed. Chui teaches that prior art computing systems introduce significant computational complexity in the compression and decompression systems. To help alleviate this problem, Chui discloses "producing a final difference vector by averaging the sequence of difference vectors" (Chui: figure 20, item 110L and 110H) and "producing an objective video score by taking the inner product of the final vector and a weight vector" (Chui: figure 20, column 21, lines 37-40, wherein the weighting process is the upsampling). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the apparatus disclosed by Wang and add the processing taught by Chui in order to obtain an apparatus that minimizes computational complexity.

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3. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wang et al. (6049630), (hereinafter referred to as "Wang") in view of Chui et al. (5841473), (hereinafter referred to as "Chui") in further view of Acharya et al. (6154493), (hereinafter referred to as "Acharya").

Regarding claim 7, note the examiners rejection for claim 6, and in addition, claim 7 differs from claim 6 in that claim 7 further requires applying a one-dimensional wavelet transform after the two-dimensional wavelet transform.

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Acharya teaches that prior art image processing techniques are unable to be effectively implemented in small cost-conscious devices (Acharya: column 2, lines 60-62). To help alleviate this problem, Acharya discloses "applying a one-dimensional wavelet transform to a sequence of difference vectors" (Acharya: figures 4 and 6). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the wavelet transform means taught by Acharya in order to obtain an apparatus that can cost-effectively achieve the highest video quality possible.

#### Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dave Czekaj whose telephone number is (571) 272-7327. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 9 hours.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mehrdad Dastouri can be reached on (571) 272-7418. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

DJC

Mehrdad Dastouri
MEHRDAD DASTOURI
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TC 2600